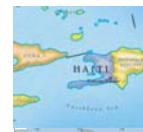




HIV among the Haitian-born in Florida and Miami-Dade



FLORIDA

There are 424,101 Haitian-born persons living in Florida, or 2.1% of Florida's population. (US Census 2010)

A total of 7,163 Haitian-born persons were living with a diagnosis of HIV in Florida through 2011. This represents 7% of the total reported cases and 16% of blacks living with HIV in Florida.

The majority (>70%) of Haitian-born persons living with HIV are over 40 years old.

Heterosexual contact is the major mode of transmission for Haitian-born males living with HIV (73%), followed by men who have sex with men (22%) and injection drug use (3%)

Heterosexual contact is the major mode of transmission for Haitian-born females living with HIV (97%), followed by injection drug use (2%)

Black Adult PLWHA by country of birth reported through 2011

Country of Birth	Cases	%
United States	36,539	79%
Haiti	7,163	16%
Jamaica	937	2%
Bahamas	392	1%
Other	976	2%
Total	46,007	100%

MIAMI-DADE

There are 116,137 Haitian-born persons living in Miami-Dade County, or 4.4% of Miami-Dade County's population. (US Census 2010)

A total of 2,670 Haitian-born persons were living with a diagnosis of HIV in Miami-Dade County through 2012. This represents 11% of the total reported cases and 23% of blacks living with HIV in Miami-Dade County.

The majority (>84%) of Haitian-born persons living with HIV are over 30 years old.

Heterosexual contact is the major mode of transmission for Haitian-born males living with HIV (58%), followed by men who have sex with men (36%) and injection drug use (2%) (NIR redistributed)

Heterosexual contact is the major mode of transmission for Haitian-born females living with HIV (96%), followed by injection drug use (3%) (NIR redistributed)

Black Adult PLWHA by country of birth reported through 2012

Country of Birth	Cases	%
United States	8,003	69%
Haiti	2,670	23%
Jamaica	263	2%
Bahamas	199	2%
Other	490	4%
Total	11,625	100%

PREVENT THE SPREAD OF HIV/AIDS BY:

- Raising awareness about HIV/AIDS in the community
- Encourage individuals to be tested for HIV/AIDS
- Reduce barriers to HIV testing, prevention and care by reducing HIV/AIDS stigma
- Disseminate information on the health benefits of condoms and other risk reduction measures