





## FLORIDA

- **X** In Florida, women accounted for 11% of reported AIDS cases in 1987. That figure steadily rose to 33% in 2009. Women accounted for 26% of the HIV cases reported in 2009.
- In 2009, 1,448 AIDS and 1,451 HIV cases were reported among women. The breakdown by race/ethnicity and mode of exposure are as follows:

RACE/ETHNICITY	AID	S	HIV	·
White	213	15%	273	18%
Black	1,008	69%	960	66%
Hispanic	187	13%	200	14%
Asian/Pacific Islander	8	1%	9	1%
Other	32	2%	9	1%
MODE OF EXPOSURE	AID	S	HIV	•
Injection Drug Use	176	12%	135	9%
Heterosexual Contact	1,255	87%	1,293	89%
Other Risk	17	1%	23	2%
Cases with no identified risks (NIRs) were redistributed for all modes				

- of exposure data.
- 1 In 2009, the estimated proportional breakdown of the female population in Florida was as follows: 63% white, 15% black, 20% Hispanic and 2% other races. (1)
- Through 2008, 1 in 296 women in Florida (aged 13+) were living with HIV/AIDS, including 1 in 64 blacks, 1 in 445 Hispanics, 1 in 1,153 whites and 1 in 466 other races.
- X Through 2009, a total of 28,878 women were living with HIV/AIDS of which 13,842 (48%) were women of childbearing age (25-44). The breakdown by age group is as follows:

Group	Curren	t Age
13~19	539	2%
20~29	3,169	11%
30~39	7,009	24%
40~49	8,710	34%
50+	8,451	29%

- MIAMI-DADE
- **X** Women accounted for 28% of reported AIDS cases in 1997 in Miami-Dade County, compared to 30% in 2009. Adult women accounted for 25% of the HIV cases reported in 2009.
- In 2009, 270 AIDS and the same number of HIV cases were reported among women. The breakdown by race/ethnicity and mode of exposure are as follows:

RACE/ETHNICITY	ALL	18	HI	V
White	18	7%	16	6%
Black	186	69%	193	71%
Hispanic	60	22%	61	23%
Asian/Pacific Islander	1	<1%	0	0%
American Indian/Alaska Native	0	0%	0	0%
Other	5	2%	0	0%
ADULT MODE OF EXPOSURE	AID	os	HI	V
Injection Drug Use	33	12%	9	3%
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Injection Drug Use	33	12%	9	3%
Heterosexual Contact	235	87%	258	96%
Other Risk	2	1%	3	1%

Cases with no identified risks (NIRs) were redistributed for all modes of exposure data.

- **%** In 2009, the estimated proportional breakdown of the female population in Miami-Dade was as follows: 16% white, 21% black and 63% Hispanic. (1)
- **X** Through 2009, 1 in 181 women in Miami-Dade were living with HIV/AIDS, including 1 in 52 blacks, 1 in 517 Hispanics, 1 in 540 whites. Black women in Miami-Dade are disproportionately affected by HIV/AIDS.
- Through 2009, a total of 7,312 adult women were documented living with HIV/AIDS.

LIVING H	IIV/AIDS C	CASES
Group	Curre	nt Age
13~19	147	2%
20~29	706	10%
30~39	1,547	21%
40~49	2,391	33%
50+	2,521	34%

- (1) 2009 Population Estimates,
- (2) 2009 Living HIV/AIDS data not yet available.

## GLOBAL IMPACT OF HIV/AIDS ON WOMEN

Of the estimated 33.4 million people living with HIV in 2008, 15.7 million (47%) were women. Women are most severely affected by AIDS in places where heterosexual contact is the dominant mode of transmission. According to the WHO, most women become infected through their partner's high-risk behavior, which they have little or no control over. Women who are financially dependent on male partners are a disadvantage in negotiate condom use. For more Information on the global impact of HIV/AIDS on women see the AIDS Epidemic Update, December 2009, produced by the WHO and UNAIDS at http://www.unaids.org. NOTE: Women represent cases diagnosed with HIV/AIDS at ages 13 and over.