

2005

FLORIDA

Women accounted for 29% of the 4,973 adult AIDS cases reported in 1998, compared to 31% of 4,856 adult AIDS cases reported in 2005.

Women accounted for 38% of the 6,656 adult HIV cases reported in 1998, compared to 30% of 5,574 adult HIV cases reported in 2005.

In 2005, 1,486 AIDS and 1,670 HIV cases were reported among women. The breakdown by race/ethnicity and mode of exposure are as follows:

RACE/ETHNICITY	AIDS		HIV	
White	222	15%	300	18%
Black	1,041	70%	1,099	66%
Hispanic	202	13%	252	15%
Asian/Pacific Islander	3	<1%	3	<1%
American Indian/Alaska Native	1	<1%	2	<1%
Other	17	1%	14	1%

MODE OF EXPOSURE	AIDS		HIV	
Injection Drug Use	231	16%	191	11%
Heterosexual Contact	1,243	84%	1,478	89%
Other Risk	12	1%	1	0%

Cases with no identified risks (NIRs) were redistributed for all modes of exposure data.

Through 2005, a total of 24,789 women were living with HIV/AIDS

LIVING HIV/AIDS CASES

	Age at Diagnosis		Current Age	
13-19	1,489	6%	141	1%
20-24	2,958	12%	1,195	5%
25-29	3,848	16%	2,228	9%
30-39	8,654	35%	7,180	29%
40-44	3,294	13%	4,762	19%
45-49	2,105	8%	3,952	16%
50-59	1,812	7%	3,925	16%
60 +	629	3%	1,405	6%

6% of these cases were diagnosed among adolescent, aged 13-19

Currently, women of childbearing age (15-44) account for 62% of all living HIV/AIDS cases among women.

MIAMI-DADE

Women accounted for 31% of the 1,490 adult AIDS cases reported in 1998, compared to 32% of 1,249 adult AIDS cases reported in 2005.

Women accounted for 35% of the 2,167 adult HIV cases reported in 1998, compared to 30% of 1,380 adult HIV cases reported in 2005.

In 2005, 403 AIDS and 432 HIV cases were reported among women. The breakdown by race/ethnicity and mode of exposure are as follows:

RACE/ETHNICITY	AIDS		HIV	
White	17	4%	35	8%
Black	303	75%	282	65%
Hispanic	79	20%	112	26%
Asian/Pacific Islander	0	0%	0	0%
American Indian/Alaska Native	0	0%	0	0%
Other	4	1%	3	1%

ADULT MODE OF EXPOSURE	AIDS		HIV	
Injection Drug Use	57	14%	47	11%
Heterosexual Contact	345	86%	380	89%
Other Risk	1	<1%	0	0%

Cases with no identified risks (NIRs) were redistributed for all modes of exposure data.

Through 2005, a total of 6,738 adult women were living with HIV/AIDS

LIVING HIV/AIDS CASES

	Age at Diagnosis		Current Age	
13-19	323	5%	37	1%
20-24	666	10%	267	4%
25-29	951	14%	523	8%
30-39	2,347	35%	1,742	26%
40-44	980	15%	1,265	19%
45-49	647	10%	1,160	17%
50-59	595	9%	1,253	18%
60 +	229	3%	491	7%

5% of these cases were diagnosed among adolescent, aged 13-19

Currently, women of childbearing age (15-44) account for 77% of all living HIV/AIDS cases among women.

GLOBAL IMPACT OF HIV/AIDS ON WOMEN

Of the estimated 39.4 million people living with HIV in 2004, 17.6 million (45%) were women. Women are most severely affected by AIDS in places where heterosexual contact is the dominant mode of transmission. According to the WHO, most women become infected through their partner's high-risk behavior, which they have little or no control over. Women who are financially dependent on male partners are at a disadvantage in negotiate condom use.

For more information on the global impact of HIV/AIDS on women see the AIDSEpidemic Update, December 2004 produced by the WHO and UNAIDS at <http://www.unaids.org>