



HIV/AIDS AMONG BLACKS IN FLORIDA AND MIAMI-DADE

2004

FLORIDA

MIAMI-DADE

Blacks comprise 14% of Florida's adult population, but 47.8% of the 95,358 AIDS cases and 53.8% of the 33,159 HIV cases reported through December 2004.

In 2004, Blacks accounted for 44% of AIDS cases in men and 70% of those in women.

In 2004, Blacks accounted for 42% of HIV cases in men and 66% of those in women.

In Florida, 38,541 blacks adults are currently living with HIV/AIDS, of whom males accounted for such cases.

In 2004, 1,804 black men were reported with AIDS.

In 2004, black women comprised 1,219 of the 1,741 reported AIDS cases among women and 1,299 of the 1942 women who were reported with HIV.

In 2004, the AIDS case rate among black women was 22 times higher than that among white women. The Hispanic to white rate ratio for females was 3.2:1

In 2004, the AIDS case rate among black males was 7 times higher than that for white males.

Of the 1,944 pediatric HIV/AIDS cases through 2004, 79% were among blacks. Black children less than 13 years old made up 21% of Florida's population in 2000.

Black homosexual/bisexual men accounted for almost 28% of reported AIDS cases in 2004 and so did heterosexual men.

Heterosexual contact was the mode of transmission in 2004 for 58% of black women.

Blacks comprise 19% of Miami-Dade County's population, but 51.4% of the 27,976 AIDS cases and 52% of the 10,025 HIV cases reported through December 2004.

In 2004, Blacks accounted for 47% of AIDS cases in men and 74% of those in women.

In 2004, Blacks accounted for 38% of HIV cases in men and 71% of those in women.

In Miami-Dade County, 11,179 blacks adults are currently living with HIV/AIDS.

In 2004, 454 black men were reported with AIDS.

In 2004, black women comprised 313 of the 422 reported AIDS cases among women and 347 of the 489 women who were reported with HIV.

In 2004, the AIDS case rate among black women was 19 times higher than that among white women. The Hispanic to white rate ratio for females was 5.4:1

In 2004, the AIDS case rate among black males was 3 times higher than that for white males.

Of the 617 pediatric HIV/AIDS cases through 2004, 85% were among blacks. Black children less than 13 years old made up 5.5% of Miami-Dade population in 2000.

Black homosexual/bisexual men accounted for almost 14% of reported AIDS cases in 2004 and 16% in heterosexual men.

Heterosexual contact was the mode of transmission in 2004 for 52% of black women.

KEY POINTS	
LATE TESTING	56% of people who were diagnosed with AIDS within 1 year of testing positive for HIV were blacks, according to the results of one study.
SEXUAL IDENTITY	In a study that examined HIV-infected people, 34% of black men reported bisexual behaviors. However, only 6% of black women reported having bisexual partner.
DRUG USE	Injection drug use is the 2nd and 3rd leading cause of HIV infection for black women and men, respectively. Drug users are more likely to have unprotected sex when under the influence.

Black in Broward and Miami-Dade Counties made up 23.5% of AIDS cases in Florida